# Section I: LAER/BACT Determination for Application No. 273236

## **Basic Equipment or Process: Spray Booth**

1. Basic Equipment

1a. Manufacturer: Binks, Bleeker Bros., Beattie 1b. Type: Dry Filter

1c. Model: Not Applicable 1d. Style: 6-Enclosed Conveyorized Spray Booths

1e. <u>Types(s) of Parts Coated</u> 1f. <u>Types of Coating/Adhesive/Solvent Used</u>

Military Ordnance High VOC Primer, Pretreatment

Coatings, and Topcoats

1g. Applicable AQMD Regulation XI Rules 1h. Cost

Rule 1107 – Coating of Metal Parts and Products Unknown

Source of Cost Data:

2. Basic Equipment Rating/Size – Particulate Equipment

2a. <u>Size/Dimension/Capacity</u> 2b. <u>Blowers</u>

6-Conveyorized Spray Booths 1-50 H.P., Venting 6 Booths

2-8' W. x 6' 8" L. x 7'-6" H. and 5 Small Ovens

2-8' W x 5' L x 6'-10" H

1-12' W. x 5' L. x 7' H.

1-1' 6" W. x 2'-2" L. x 5'-4" H.

2c. Total Flow Rate: 7500 2d. Filters

4-Booths with 8-20" x 20" Filters each

1-Booth with 7-20" x 20" Filter

1-Booth with 1-20" x 25" Filter

2e. Normal Operating Condition

8 hr/day, 5 day/wk

3. Company Information

3a. Name: US Ordnance 3b. Address: 9236 East Hall Rd

City: Downey

State: CA

Zip: 90241

3c. Contact Person: Dodwel De Silva 3d. Phone No.: (310) 904-7974

4. Permit Information

4a. <u>Agency</u> 4b. <u>Agency Contact Person</u>

South Coast AQMD Bill Milner

4c. Phone No: (909) 396-2553 4d. Permit to Construct Information

P/C No.: 273236

Issuance Date: 1/24/92

4e. Start-Up Date: January 1994 4f. Permit to Operate Information

P/O No. D96362

Issuance Date: 2/13/96

5. Emission Information		
5a. Permit Limit	5a2. BACT/LAER Determination	
5a1. Permit Limit	The BACT/LAER determination for this application is a regenerative thermal oxidizer.	
VOC: 30 lb/day	is a regenerative thermal oxidizer.	

# 5b. Control Technology

**5b1.** Manufacturer/Supplier

Adwest Technologies, Inc.

1175 N. Van Horne Way

Anaheim, CA 92806-2506

(714) 632-9801

**5b2.** Description: Name of Control(s):

Thermal oxidizers operate on the basis that high temperature, proper residence time, and thorough mixing of the VOC laden air stream will thermally convert VOCs into carbon dioxide and water vapor. This regenerative variety takes advantage of the retention of heat by a gravel bed. This system is preheated by electrical heating elements to 1600 degrees Fahrenheit and raised to 1700 degrees Fahrenheit by a small natural gas burner. Temperatures are sustained by the latent heat of combustion of the inlet VOCs. As the VOCs are destroyed in the first bed, hot combustion gases are routed to a second bed (or chamber) where heat is transferred to the gravel media contained therein. The airflow is alternated between the first chamber and the second chamber every few seconds, which acts to provide a heat recovery rate about 95%. Because of the high heat recovery of such systems, operating costs are reduced because the inlet VOC stream supplies enough heat, when combusted, to sustain elevated temperatures. An hour "ramp time" (bed preheat time) is normally sufficient to achieve proper combustion temperature with the addition of VOCs at 25 ppm or more concentration. Destruction

efficiencies are typically at least 97%.

# **5b3.** Control Equipment Permit Application Data

P/C No .: Not Applicable P/C Issuance Date: P/O No.: Not Applicate

P/O Issuance Date:

**5b5.** Warranty Unknown

## **5b7.** Secondary Pollutant

Regenerative thermal oxidizers create air contaminants that are different from pollutants for **5b8.** Space Requirement which they are required to abate. These contaminants include, but are not limited to, volatile organic compounds, (VOC), nitrogen oxides (NOX), sulfur oxides (SOX), carbon monoxides (CO), and particulate matters (PM10).

## **5b9.** Limitations

Regenerative thermal oxidizers should not be used Contact Person. Not Known to control chlorinated compounds because of potential fouling of the ceramic beds by particulate contaminants.

## **5b11.** Operating History

Operating since January 1994.

## **5b13.** Source Test Conditions/Performance Data

The source test was performed at the following conditions:

Inlet flow rate: 7,500 dscfm

### 5c. Cost

## **5c1.** Control Equipment Cost

Capital: 200,000

Installation: Unknown

Capital + Installation: Unknown

# **5b4.** Waste Air Flow to Control Equipment

Flow Rate: 7500

Actual VOC Loading: 65

Inlet Blower: 50 H.P. Venting 6 Booths and 5

Small Ovens

## **5b6.** Primary Pollutant

This technology is used to reduce VOC emissions from the spray booths.

500 square feet

**5b10.** Location of Prior Demonstration & Agency Facility: Not Known Contact Person: Not Known Phone Number: Not Known Agency: Not Known

Address: Not Known Permit Number: Not Known

## **5b12.** Source Test/Performance Data Analysis

Date of Source Test: 11/24/94 Capture Efficiency: 99.00% Destruction Efficiency: 97.60% Overall Efficiency: 96.60%

## **5c2.** Annual Operational/Maintenance Cost

Unknown

Source of Cost Data:

Source of Cost Data:		
5d. Demonstration of Compliance	5d2. AQMD Staff Performing Field Evaluation	
5d1. Date of Field Evaluation	Engineer's Name: Bill Milner	
11/24/93	Inspector's Name:	
5d3. Compliance Demonstration	5d4. Variance	
See the discussions on Performance Tests and Performance Test Load in Items (5b12) and	No. of Variances: 0	
(5b13)	Causes:	
5d5. No. of Violations	5d6. Frequency of Maintenance	
None	Not Known	
6. Comment		